

6- 9 -2017

Lawn:

- Now is the time to apply [Turf Trust](#) to zoysia lawns in the Mid- Atlantic states. Only one application is needed yearly in the Atlantic and Northern states, and now is the best time to apply. Southern Zoysia lawns need to have a second application of Turf Trust six weeks after the first.
- Cool weather grasses like tall fescue and blue grass are due for an early summer application of *Turf Trust*.
- Remember that a [Kick Start](#) application on your lawn now can help save money on your water bill because this product will help with your lawn's root system so that it will need less frequent waterings.
- Lawns that are developing a pinkish - red spots 1-2 ft across suffer from red-thread disease. To fix this feed them extra with turf trust and make two applications of [Kick Start](#) ten days apart and the lawn will out grow the disease. If they do not outgrow the problem in a few weeks after then you can use [F-stop fungicide](#).
- Do not over water you lawns if you are using a sprinkler system. Keep your lawns mowed to 3 inches this time of year.

A lawn needs only one inch of water per week to stay green. Overwatering can cause pythium disease (a lawn killer). Water the lawn only in the morning. Watering in the evening can cause dollar spot and brown patch disease. If a lawn is irrigated and the grass turns pale green or has brown spots, then your lawn is short of nitrogen. A half application of [Turf Trust](#) can correct this.

Crabgrass is showing up even in lawns that used preventers. The heavy rains have displaced the preventers in some areas. Use [Bonide Weedbeater Pluse crabgrass killer spray](#) to kill the crabgrass.

Nutsedge can be rampant in lawns. Nutsedge is a weed that looks like a grass plant. It grows three times as fast as your lawn grows. It is pale green and grows upright. In order to correct nutsedge, use [Sedgehammer](#) + . Hand weeding is not recommended because tubers that are left behind will grow into new nutsedge plants.

*When [Bonide Sedge Ender](#) is used to control nutsedge, you can not reseed the sprayed areas this fall.

Continue controlling mosquitos with Summit Mosquito and Gnat barrier spray. Spraying in the evening will give the best results.

Trees & Shrubs:

- Inspect your evergreens for bagworms soon (now for the mid-Atlantic region and in 7-14 days for areas north of the Mid-Atlantic regions) if you had bagworms in your arborvitae or juniper shrubs last year. When you find bag worms and they are young, apply [Dipel](#), but if the bagworms are bigger, use [Bondie Systemic Insect Control](#). If there are only a few bagworms on your plants, you can handpick the bagworms off the plant.
- When your euonymus is suffering from mildew, then trim the euonymus back and feed with *Plant Trust*. The plant will outgrow the mildew problem.
- Euonymus scale is more serious. Use [Bonide Annual Tree and Shrub Insect Control](#) to eradicate this pest. You will know that your plant has euonymus scale because the leaves and branches will look like they are covered with dandruff. This needs to be treated because the euonymus scale can kill the euonymus.
- Cedar apple rust spots are now visible on apple and crab apple leaves. These trees should have been sprayed with [Monterey Liqui-Cop](#) before they broke dormancy. Apply [Bonide Copper Fungicide](#) to slow this fungus down.
- Spruce, pine, and juniper turning brown from the inside out likely have spider mites. Treat as soon as possible with [Summit Year Round Spray Oil](#). If these trees are not treated, they may die, especially Alberta Spruce. After spraying, make sure that the plants are well fed with [Plant Trust](#) if not already done.

Roses:

- Roses, including re-blooming shrub roses, that were not fed properly will soon develop mildew and black spot. If your rose plants were not fed with [Garden Trust](#) then feed as soon as possible. Repeat this fertilizer application at the end of August. Older, larger plants should be given 5 ozs of *Garden Trust*, but newly planted roses should only be given 3 ozs. Apply the *Garden Trust* around the stem, about 8-10" away from the stem.

Flowers and Vegetables:

- After you are finished planting annual flowers or vegetables, feed them only once with *Garden Trust*. If this fertilizer is used and these plants are planted in a flower or vegetable garden, then biweekly feedings of liquid fertilizer are not needed.
- Vegetable and flowers grown in containers should be fed with *Monterey Fish and poop fertilizer* biweekly.

House Plants:

You can now bring indoor houseplant outdoors. Place them in partially shaded areas and feed them every three weeks with *Monterey fish and poop fertilizer*.