

May 6, 2016

Lawn:

- It is not too late to turn a weedy lawn into a nice lawn. Apply [Turf Trust](#) and [SpeedZone Broad Leaf Lawn Weed Killer](#) at the same time. Two weeks and one rain later, your lawn should be weed free and beautifully green.
- If [Lebanon Turpersan 4.6G Crabgrass preventer](#) was used earlier this spring, do not forget to make the second application, which should be done 30 days after the first application.

Due to the excessive rain on the east coast and north east areas you may experience Dollar spot in cool season lawns (blue grass and tall fescue) keep these lawn mowed on time. Do not let them grow too tall. In very severe cases use [Ferti lome F-Stop lawn fungicide](#) or feed them again with Turf Trust and an application of Kick Start. Red Thread is also reported in lawns. To control red thread use Turf Trust and kick start to help the lawn outgrow the fungus. No other controls are needed. Grease mold is also present in some lawns nothing is needed for this. It will go away once the weather changes.

Zenith Zoysia seed can be sown now. Be sure to water the seed daily and keep the lawn mowed short. Remember also to cover the seeds in bare spots with a thin layer of leaf gro or compost.

Shrubs:

- Azaleas can be pruned after flowering and they can be fed with cotton seed meal.

Flowers:

- Holes in rose leaves are caused by rose slugs. Rose slugs are small, green, slug like worms and are found on the under side of rose leaves. Existing rose slugs can be eliminated by applying [Liquid Seven](#). Prevent rose slugs with an application of [Bonide Rose Rx Drench](#).
- Feed all of your flowers and vegetables with Garden Trust after planting them in the ground.
- After you are finished planting annual flowers or vegetables, feed them only once with Garden Trust. If this fertilizer is used and these plants are planted in a flower or vegetable garden, then biweekly feedings of liquid fertilizer are not needed.
- Vegetable and flowers grown in containers should be fed with [Monterey Fish + Poop Fertilizer](#) biweekly.

Roses:

- Roses, including re-blooming shrub roses, that were not fed properly will soon develop mildew and black spot. If your rose plants were not fed with Garden Trust, feed them with this as soon as possible. Repeat this fertilizer application at the end of August. Older, larger plants should be given 5 oz of [Garden Trust](#), but newly planted roses should only be given 3 oz. Apply the [Garden Trust](#) around the stem, but 8-10" away from the stem.

Trees:

- Borers (including ash borer, emerald ash borer, azalea stem borer, brown birch borer, dogwood borer, lilac borer, mottled willow borer, peach tree borer, rhododendron stem borer, rose flatheaded borer, chestnut borer, and longhorn beetle borer) can be controlled by applying [*Bonide Annual tree and shrub insect control*](#). The best time to apply is one month before the borer normally would infest the tree or shrub or as soon as a borers presence is suspected.
- Taxus weevils found in yews can be treated with [*Bonide Annual tree and shrub insect control*](#). Treat in June before adults are active.

Maple and Sycamore Trees:

- Maple and sycamore trees that are suffering from dying leaves likely have anthracnose. Treat by applying [*Copper Fungicide*](#) at bud break. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals during the spring.
- When you have a history of anthracnose in these trees, then make an application of [*Copper Fungicide*](#) at bud break and repeat at 7-10 day intervals twice to decrease the likelihood of future infections.
- Make sure these trees are fed with [*Plant Trust*](#). When the weather gets warmer and dryer, these trees will have more energy to regrow new shoots and leaves.

Shrubs:

Hydrangea, Crepe Myrtle, Fruiting Figs that have winter damage remove all of the dead branches and feed them with [*Garden Trust*](#) . 2 oz per foot of original height.